

#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

#### SEMESTER – I

| S. No. | Course    | Course Name  | Hour | s per w | veek | Credits |
|--------|-----------|--|------|---------|------|---------|
|        | codes     |  | L    | T       | P    |         |
| 1.     | 21S01101  | Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques  | 4    | -       | -    | 4       |
| 2.     | 21S02101  | Advanced Organic Chemistry-I   | 4    | -       | -    | 4       |
| 3.     | 21S02102  | Advanced Medicinal Chemistry-I   | 4    | -       | -    | 4       |
| 4.     | 21S02103  | Chemistry of Natural Products  | 4    | -       | -    | 4       |
| 5.     | 21S01105  | Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques Lab  | -    | -       | 6    | 3       |
| 6.     | 21S02104  | Advanced Medicinal Chemistry-I Lab   | -    | -       | 6    | 3       |
| 7.     | 21DAC101b | Audit Course – I English for Research paper writing Disaster Management Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge | 2    | -       | -    | 0       |
| 8.     | 21S02105  | Seminar/Assignment   | -    | 1       | 6    | 4       |
|        |           | Total  | 18   | 1       | 18   | 26      |

#### SEMESTER - II

| S.No. | Course                              | Course Name   | Hor | ırs per | week | Credits |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|-----|---------|------|---------|
|       | codes                               |   | L   | T       | P    |         |
| 1.    | 21S02201                            | Advanced Organic Chemistry-II   | 4   | -       | -    | 4       |
| 2.    | 21S02202                            | Advanced Medicinal Chemistry-II   | 4   | -       | -    | 4       |
| 3.    | 21S02203                            | Computer Aided Drug Design  | 4   | -       | -    | 4       |
| 4.    | 21S02204                            | Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry  | 4   | -       | -    | 4       |
| 5.    | 21S02205                            | Advanced Organic Chemistry-II Lab   | -   | -       | 6    | 3       |
| 6.    | 21S02206                            | Advanced Medicinal Chemistry-II Lab   | -   | -       | 6    | 3       |
| 7.    | 21DAC201a<br>21DAC201b<br>21DAC201c | Audit Course – II Pedagogy Studies Stress Management for Yoga Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills | 2   | -       | -    | 0       |
| 8.    | 21S02207                            | Seminar/Assignment  | -   | 1       | 6    | 4       |
|       |                                     | Total   | 18  | 1       | 18   | 26      |



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### COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI SEMSTER - III

| S.No. | Course                              | Course Name   | Hour | Hours per week |    | Hours per week |  | Credits |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|------|----------------|----|----------------|--|---------|
|       | codes                               |   | L    | T              | P  |                |  |         |
| 1.    | 21DRM101                            | Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Right  | 4    | -              | -  | 4              |  |         |
| 2.    | 21SOE301d<br>21SOE301c<br>21SOE301e | Open Elective Biological Screening methods Entrepreneurship Management Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics | 3    | -              | -  | 3              |  |         |
| 3.    | 21S02301                            | Teaching Practice/Assignment  | -    | -              | 4  | 2              |  |         |
| 4.    | 21S02302                            | Comprehensive viva voce   | -    | -              | 4  | 2              |  |         |
| 5.    | 21S02303                            | Research Work - I   | -    |                | 24 | 12             |  |         |
|       |                                     | Total   | 7    | -              | 32 | 23             |  |         |

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

| S.No. | Course   | Course Name              | Hours per week |   | Credits |    |
|-------|----------|--------------------------|----------------|---|---------|----|
|       | codes    |                          | L              | T | P       |    |
| 1.    | 21S02401 | Co-Curricular Activities | 2              |   |         | 2  |
| 2.    | 21S02402 | Research Work - II       | 3              |   | 30      | 18 |
|       |          | Total                    | 5              |   | 30      | 20 |



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| Course Code        | MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL   | L     | T     | P      | C   |
|--------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|-----|
| 21S01101           | TECHNIQUES   | 4     | 0     | 0      | 4   |
|                    | Semester   |       | ]     | [      |     |
|                    |  |       |       |        |     |
| Course Objective   | es:  |       |       |        |     |
| The course is desi | gned to impart the knowledge in the field of Pharmaceutical Anal   | ysis. | The   | vari   | ous |
| modern analytic    | al techniques like UV-Visible, IR, NMR, Mass, GC, l  | HPL   | C, o  | differ | ent |
| chromatographic    | methods and other important topics are taught to enable the stude  | nts t | o un  | dersta | and |
| <u> </u>           | nciples involved in the determination of different bulk drugs and t  |       |       |        |     |
| 11 .               | theoretical aspects, the basic practical knowledge relevant to the   |       |       |        |     |
| imparted.          | The second secon |       |       |        |     |
|                    | s (CO): Student will be able to  |       |       |        |     |
|                    | ytical Techniques and can apply the theories in analysis of various  | ıs dr | ugs i | n sin  | gle |

• Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

and combination dosage forms

• Apply their knowledge in developing the new methods for the determination and validate the procedures.

#### UNIT – I

#### **UV-Visible spectroscopy**

Introduction, Theory, Laws, and Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy.

#### UNIT - II

#### IR spectroscopy

Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier -Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation.

#### ÚNIT - III

#### **NMR** spectroscopy

Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy

#### UNIT – IV

#### **Mass Spectroscopy**

Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.

#### UNIT – V

#### Chromatography

Introduction to chromatography and classification of chromatographic methods based on the mechanism of separation, Principle, instrumentation, selection of solvents; chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, applications of the following:

- a) Thin Layer chromatography;
- b) High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography
- c) Paper Chromatography;
- d) Column chromatography

e) Gas chromatography;

f) High Performance Liquid chromatography



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g) Affinity chromatography;

h) Gel Chromatography

i)Hyphenated techniques:

- Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography- Mass spectroscopy
- Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectroscopy

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
- 2. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
- 3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley& Sons, 1982.

#### Reference Books:

- 4. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 5. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 6. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
- 7. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4<sup>th</sup>edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 8. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
- 9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi,3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 10. Pharmaceutical Analysis Modern Methods Part B J W Munson, Vol11, Marcel. Dekker Series
- 11. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley esternLtd., Delhi.
- 12. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar
- 13. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
- 14. HPTLC by P.D. Seth
- 15. Indian Pharmacopoeia 2007
- 16. High Performance thin layer chromatography for the analysis of medicinal plants by Eike
- 17. Reich, Anne Schibli
- 18. Introduction to instrumental analysis by Robert. D. Braun



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#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code                               | ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I   | L     | T      | P      | C    |
|---|--|-------|--------|--------|------|
| 21S02101                                  |  | 4     | 0      | 0      | 4    |
|   | Semester   |       | ]      | I      |      |
|   |  |       |        |        |      |
| <b>Course Objectives:</b>                 |  |       |        |        |      |
|   | is designed to give the knowledge of organic chemistry at an ac  |       |        |        |      |
| •   | stereochemistry and different organic named reactions includin   | g pr  | epara  | ations | s of |
| reactive intermediate                     |  |       |        |        |      |
| ,   | CO): Student will be able to   | E) 6  | · 41-  |        |      |
|   | sign a stereo selective synthesis of new chemical entities (NC ifferent diseases in new drug discovery Program.    | E) I  | or tn  | e      |      |
|   | interent diseases in new drug discovery Program.   |       |        |        |      |
| UNIT - I                                  |  |       |        |        |      |
| Stereochemistry                           |  |       |        |        | -    |
|   | ry, simple axis of symmetry. Notation, relative configuratio   |       |        |        |      |
|   | ounds with a chiral carbon atom, compounds with other qua  |       |        |        |      |
|   | erism in compounds containing no chiral atom, biphenyl, allen  |       |        |        |      |
|   | bonds and spirans. Chirality due to helical shape.cis / trans, E   |       |        |        |      |
|   | e bonds, monocyclic compounds, fused ring system. Racemic  |       |        |        |      |
|   | solution of racemic mixtures. Asymmetric synthesis and ste   | reo   | – se   | lectiv | /e   |
| synthesis.                                |  |       |        |        |      |
| UNIT - II                                 |  |       |        |        |      |
|   | ediates: Definitions, generation, stability, structure and readons, carbanions, carbenes, Nitrenes/Nitrenium ions. | ctivi | ity o  | f fre  | e    |
| b.Concepts of aron                        | naticity and antiaromaticity, nonbenzenoid aromatic compounds  | •     |        |        |      |
|   | rganic reactions: Free radical, Electrophilic, Nucleophilic reac   | tion  | s of a | aliph  | atic |
| and aromatic con                          | pounds   |       |        |        |      |
| UNIT - III                                |  |       |        |        |      |
| Detailed knowledg                         | ge regarding the reactions, mechanisms and their relative reactive   | ity a | and    |        |      |
| orientations.                             |  |       |        |        |      |
| <ul> <li>a) Addition reaction</li> </ul>  | ons  |       |        |        |      |
| b) Nucleophilic ur                        | ni- and bimolecular reactions (SN1 andSN2)   |       |        |        |      |
| c) Elimination rea                        | ctions (E1 & E2; Hoffman & Saytzeff's rule)  |       |        |        |      |
| UNIT - IV                                 | •  |       |        |        |      |
| Electrocyclic, peri<br>with suitable exam | cyclic and sigmotropic reactions: Introduction, terminology a uples.   | nd r  | necha  | anisn  | n,   |
| IINIT V                                   | *  |       |        |        |      |

#### UNIT - V

#### Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named Reactions:

Ugi reaction, Brook rearrangement, Ullmann coupling reactions, Dieckmann Reaction, Doebner-Miller Reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, Sandmeyer Reaction, Mannich reaction, Vilsmeyer-Haack Reaction, Ozonolysis and Michael addition reaction

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Francis A. Carey & Richard J. Sunberg, Advanced Org. Chemistry, III rd Edition, Par B; Reactions and synthesis, Plenum Press, New York, London, LatestEdition.
- 2. Eliel I. Ernest and Samuel h, Stereochemistry of Org. Compounds, John Wiley and sons, New York, 2003Edition.



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- 3. Roland E. Lehr & Alan P Marchard, Orbital Symmetry: A Problem-Solving approach, Academic Press, New York LatestEdition.
- 4. J. March, Advanced Org. Chemistry, Reactions Mechanisms and Structure,4th
- 5. Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York LatestEdition
- 6. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, ELBS
- 7. Herbert O. Modern Synthesis Reactions II<sup>nd</sup> Edition W.A. Beenamis Inc. Menco Park California
- 8. W. Carruthers, Some Modern Methods of Org. Synthesis, III rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.



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#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code   | ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHE | MISTRY – I | L | T | P | C |
|---------------|------------------------|------------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S02102      |                        |            | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Pre-requisite |                        | Semester   |   |   | [ |   |

#### **Course Objectives:**

The course contents are mainly aimed to have advanced knowledge of rational drug design including QSAR and molecular modeling and also aimed at the identification of lead molecule from natural sources for the development of new drugs.

#### Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- •The application of basic knowledge of pharmaceutical-chemical aspects of drugs that are in clinical use in defining, analyzing and proposing actions related to the research and implementation of new laboratory methods for detecting and monitoring diseases and effects and/or efficacy of the therapy.
- •Interpretation of the results of laboratory analysis by the clinical aspects by knowing the pharmacotherapeutic groups of drugs, their classification, and the most important representatives.
- The assurance of positive interactions with patients, colleagues, health professionals and the public.

#### UNIT – I

- a) Physicochemical properties in relation to biological action
- b) Modern methods of Drug Discovery target validation: Introduction to discovery of lead molecule, methods, rational drug discovery models. Target structure, active site identification and methods of validation.

#### UNIT – II

#### Prodrug Design and Analog design

- a) Prodrug design: Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design.
- b) Combating drug resistance: Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of drug resistance.
- c) Analog Design: Introduction, Classical & Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigid analogs, alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance.

#### UNIT – III

Medicinal chemistry aspects of the following class of drugs Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of following class of drugs: Anti-hypertensive drugs, Anti convulsant drugs, COX1 & COX2 inhibitors, H1 & H2 receptor antagonist, Antineoplastic and Antiviral agents.

| 7 intineopiastic and 7 | intivituagents. |  |
|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| UNIT – IV              |                 |  |
|                        |                 |  |



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#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

Stereochemistry and Drug action: Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution. Role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents. Case studies, Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination.

#### UNIT – V

#### Structure based drug design

Inhibitors of HIV-I Prokinase, Structural studies of HIV-I Reverse transcriptase and implications for drug design, Bradykinin receptor antagonists, Design of purine nucleoside and Phosphorylase inhibitors, Aldose Reductase Inhibitors, Thrombin inhibitors. Rhinoviral-Capsid-biding Inhibitors.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Berger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Design. 6thEdition.
- 2. Korolkovas Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry
- 3. Purcell Strategies of Drug Design
- 4. Corwin, Hansen Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry
- 5. William O Foye Medicinal Chemistry
- 6. Structure based Drug Design by Pandi Veerapandion.
- 7. Stenlake, Foundation of Molecular Pharmacology- Pharma Med Press, volume I&II



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#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code | CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS | L | T | P | C |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S02103    |                               | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
|             | Semester                      |   | ] | [ |   |

#### **Course Objectives:**

The contents of Unit I mainly aimed to identify lead molecules from the natural sources. The contents of Unit II &III are mainly designed to have the knowledge of alkaloids and steroids especially structural elucidation of few important compounds. The contents of Unit IV and V are to offer an understanding of utilization of natural products for the preparation of new molecules for the treatment of different diseases like cancer, malaria etc.

#### Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

• Position to explore the natural lead compounds for the treatment of different diseases like cancer, malaria, diabetes etc

#### UNIT – I

**Extraction:** Introduction, definition, factors influencing the choice of extraction, principles of extraction methods, types of extraction (extraction of plant drugs by microwave assisted techniques wherever applicable) and their merits and demerits.

Selection and purification of solvents for extraction

**Carbohydrates:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Glucose.

**Glycosides:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of cardiac glycosides-Digoxin.

**Vitamins:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Ascorbic Acid.

#### UNIT – II

**Steroids:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Cholesterol.

**Terpenoids:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Citral, Menthol and Zingiberene.

Isoprene and Special Isoprene rule.

**Anti-biotics:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Penicillin.

#### UNIT – III

Amino acids: Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance.

General Preparation and Properties of Amino acids.

**Peptides:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Synthesis, determination of structure of Peptides. **Proteins:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Properties, Structure of protein, Chemistry of

Insulin.

**Alkaloids:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Quinine.

**Purines:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Caffeine.

#### UNIT - IV

**Natural Pigments:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Carotene.

**Plant Hormones:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Structural elucidation of Auxins.



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#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

**Fats and Oils:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, Nomenclature, Source, Importance, Structure, Chemistry, Properties and analysis of fixed oils, fats and waxes.

#### UNIT – V

#### Natural products as markers for new drug discovery:

- o The role of natural products as potential new drug discovery.
- o The role of natural products chemistry in drug discovery.
- Selection and optimization of lead compounds for further development with suitable examples.

**Chromatography:** Introduction, Definition, Classification, general principles of different chromatographic techniques, and applications of TLC, HPTLC, Column, Paper, HPLC, GC in the isolation, separation and purification of natural products.

**Spectroscopy:** General principles and applications of UV, IR, HNMR, C<sup>13</sup> NMR, Mass Spectroscopy in the structural elucidation of natural products.

**Stereoisomerism:** Introduction, Definition, Types, Concept of stereoisomerism taking examples of natural products.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Finar IL. Organic Chemistry-stereochemistry and the chemistry of natural products. 5th ed. vol2. Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.,2006.
- 2. Morrison RT, Boyd RN. Organic Chemistry. 6th ed. Delhi: Pearson education Pvt. Ltd.,2003.
- 3. Pelletier SW. Alkaloids-chemical & biological perspectives. vol 1-15. London: Pergamon;2001.
- 4. Steroids by Fischer & Fischer
- 5. Evans WC. Trease and evanspharmacognosy. 15 ded. Edinburgh: Saunders. 2004.
- 6. Ataur Rahman. Chemistry of natural products
- 7. Bhat SV, Nagasampagi BA, SivakumarM. Chemistry of natural products. New Delhi: Narosa Publishing House;2005.
- 8. Agrawal OP. Organic chemistry-natural products. 30th ed. vol 1-2. Meerut: Goel Publishing House;2006.
- 9. Wallis TE. Textbook of pharmacognosy. 5th ed. New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors;2002.
- 10. Abraham DJ, editor. Burger's medicinal chemistry and drug discovery. 6th ed. vol 1-6, Singapore: John Wiley & Sons,2007.
- 11. Lemke TL, Williams DA, Roche VF, Zito SW. Foye's principles of medicinal chemistry.

  th
  6 ed. New Delhi: Wolters Kluwer/ Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.2008.
- 12. Block JH, Beale JM, editor. Wilson and Gisvold's textbook of organic medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry. 11th ed. Baltimore: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins;2004.
- 13. Jerry M. Advanced organic chemistry-reactions, mechanisms, and structure. 4th ed. Kundli: Replika Press Pvt. Ltd;2003.
- 14. Murray RK, Granner DK, Mayes PA, Rodwell VW. Harper's Illustrated biochemistry. 26th ed. New Delhi: McGraw Hill,2003.
- 15. Rama Rao AVSS. A text book of biochemistry. 9th ed. Delhi: Rajkamal electric press,2004.
- 16. Remington: The science and practice of pharmacy. 21st ed., vol. I & II, Lippincatt Willams&Wilkings, New Delhi,2005.



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| Course Code   | MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANAL | YTICAL   | L | T | P | C |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S01105      | TECHNIQUES LAB             |          | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |
| Pre-requisite | S                          | Semester |   |   | Ī |   |

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis Spectrophotometer.
- 2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV Spectrophotometry
- 3. Effect of pH and solvent on UV –Spectrum
- 4. Determination of Molar absorption coefficient
- 5. Estimation of riboflavin/ quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
- 6. Study of quenching effect by fluorimetry
- 7. Estimation of sodium or potassium by flame photometry
- 8. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents
- 9. Quantitative determination of functional groups
- 10. Experiments based on Column chromatography
- 11. Experiments based on HPLC
- 12. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography



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| Course Code   | ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHEMIS | STRY – I LAB | L | T | P | C |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S02104      |                           |              | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |
| Pre-requisite |                           | Semester     |   | ] | [ |   |
|               |                           |              |   |   |   |   |

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Synthesis of any two drugs from the following classes of drugs (Minimum two from each class)
  - a. Analgesics, NSAIDS and antipyretic
  - b. CNS and CVS drugs
- 2. Isolation and characterization of
  - a. Eugenol from Clove
  - b. Curcumin fromTurmeric
  - c. Sennosides from senna
  - d. Hesperidine from Orange Peel
  - e. Embelin from EmbelliaRibes
  - f. Glycyrrhizin from Glycyrrhiza Glabra
  - g. Plumbagin from Plumbago Rosea
  - h. Solanine from potatoes
  - i. Naringen from Grape Fruit Peel
  - j. Trimyristin and Myristin from Nutmeg
  - k. Azylic acid from Castor Oil
  - 1. Pectin from Orange Peel
  - m. Lycopene from Tomato Peel
  - n. Epicatechin from Cashew Kernel outer covering
  - o. Piperine from Black pepper Degradation reaction of following natural products and the identification of the degraded intermediates by micro TLC and qualitative test. Atropine, caffeine, Ephedrine, aponification of Trimyristin.



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| Course Code | ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II | L | T | P | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S02201    |                                 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
|             | Semester                        |   | I | I |   |
|             |                                 | • |   |   | • |

#### **Course Objectives:**

The content of Unit I and II are mainly aimed at utilization of different synthetic reagents used in the preparation of intermediates and final compounds and also aimed at the principles of green chemistry. Unit III and IV contents are mainly aimed at scale of processes for the preparation of new pharmaceutical agents and also to design different synthetic strategies. Unit V is mainly aimed to utilize the knowledge of chemical library for drug design

#### Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- Position to have advanced knowledge of different synthetic reagents and reaction processes, synthetic routes by involving green chemistry principles.
- Techniques to utilize the chemical library of combinatorial chemistry.

#### UNIT – I

#### **Synthetic Reagents & Application**

Lead Tetra Acetate (LTA), N- Bromosuccinimide (NBS), Osmium Tetroxide, Lithium Aluminum Hydride (LAH) and Sodium Borohydride, Dicyclohexylcarbodimide (DCC) and 2,3-dicholro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ).

#### UNIT – II

#### **Catalysis**

- a. Types of catalysis, heterogeneous and homogenous catalysis, advantages and disadvantages
- b.Heterogeneous catalysis preparation, characterization, kinetics, supported catalysts, catalyst deactivation and regeneration, some examples of heterogeneous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs.
- c. Homogenous catalysis, hydrogenation, hydroformylation, hydrocyanation, Wilkinson catalysts, chiral ligands and chiral induction, Ziegler-Natta catalysts, some examples of homogenous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs
- d.Transition-metal and Organo-catalysis in organic synthesis: Metal-catalyzed reactions
- e. Phase transfer catalysis -theory and applications

### UNIT – III Molecular Rearrangements & their applications

- 1. Carbon to Carbon Migration: Wagner Meerwin rearrangement, Claisen rearrangement and benzil benzilic acid rearrangement.
- 2. Carbon to Nitrogen Migration: Hoffmann rearrangement, Curtius rearrangement and Lossen rearrangement, Beckman rearrangement.
- 3. Carbon to Oxygen Migration: Baeyer Villiger rearrangement, Rearrangement of hydro peroxides and Wittig rearrangement

#### UNIT – IV

#### **Chemistry of peptides**

- a. Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis
- b. Principles of solid phase peptide synthesis, t-BOC and FMOC protocols, various solid supports and linkers: Activation procedures, peptide bond formation, deprotection and cleavage from resin, low and high HF cleavage protocols, formation of free peptides and



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peptide amides, purification and case studies, site-specific chemical modifications of peptides

**c.** Segment and sequential strategies for solution phase peptide synthesis with any two case studies Side reactions in peptide synthesis: Deletion peptides, side reactions initiated by proton abstraction, protonation, over activation and side reactions of individual aminoacids.

#### UNIT – V

#### **Green Chemistry**

- a. Introduction, principles of green chemistry
- b. Microwave assisted reactions: Merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates, mechanism, superheating effects of microwave, effects of solvents in microwave assisted synthesis, microwave technology in process optimization, its applications in various organic reactions and heterocycles synthesis
- c. Ultrasound assisted reactions: Types of sono chemical reactions, homogenous, heterogeneous liquid- liquid and liquid-solid reactions, synthetic applications

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. W. Carruthers, Some Modern Methods of Org. Synthesis, III rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge(1988)
- 2. Gorgy Keri and Istarian Toth, Molecular Patho-mechanisms and New Trends in Drug Research Taylor and Francis Group, London2003
- 3. R. K. Mackie, A Guidebook to Organic Thesis PrenticeHall
- 4. T.W. Greene and PGM Warts, Protecting Groups JohnWilley
- 5. Michael B. Smith, Organic Synthesis
- 6. Organic synthesis- Special techniques VK Ahluwaliaand R Aggarwal, NarosaPublishers.
- 7. "Organic Chemistry" VolI and II. I.L. Finar. ELBS, Sixth ed., 1995.
- 8. "Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, mechanisms and structure", J March, John Wiley and sons, NewYork.
- 9. Principles of organic synthesis, ROC Norman and JM Coxan, Nelsonthorns
- 10. Carey, Organic chemistry, 5th edition (Viva Books Pvt.Ltd.)



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

| Course Code                      | ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – II   |        |           | P    | C  |
|----------------------------------|---|--------|-----------|------|----|
| 21S02202                         | Compaton  | 4      | 0  <br>II | 0    | 4  |
|                                  | Semester  |        | 11        |      |    |
| Course Objectives:               |   |        |           |      |    |
|                                  | ts of Unit I and Unit II are mainly aimed at enzyme inhibitors for  | or the | treati    | men  | t  |
| of different CNS a               | and CVS diseases. Unit III contents are aimed to have advanced  | d knov | wledg     | ge o | f  |
| the developments                 | of antipsychotic agents. The remaining contents are aimed to d  | esign  | prod      | rugs | ί, |
|                                  | gents and recombinant DNA products.   |        |           |      |    |
|                                  | CO): Student will be able to  |        |           |      |    |
|                                  | yould be in a position to involve in the development of differen  |        | •         |      |    |
|                                  | odrugs and also equipped with different biotechnological tech   | nnique | s of      |      |    |
| recombinant I UNIT – I           | ONA products.   |        |           |      |    |
|                                  | -   |        |           |      |    |
| Enzyme Inhibitors                |   |        | .1 41.    | .:   |    |
|                                  | of the following types of enzyme inhibitors, related dru  | gs an  | ia in     | eir  |    |
| pharmaceutical sig               |   |        |           |      |    |
| ,                                | Synthetase (Cycloxygenase &Lipoxygenase Inhibitors) erase (PDE) Inhibitors  |        |           |      |    |
| · •                              | nydrase Inhibitors.   |        |           |      |    |
| d) Beta-Secretas                 | •   |        |           |      |    |
| UNIT – II                        | C.  |        |           |      |    |
| <b>Enzyme Inhibitors</b>         | II  |        |           |      |    |
|                                  | Converting Enzyme (ACE)Inhibitors   |        |           |      |    |
| b. Acetyl Choli                  | nesterase (Ach E) Inhibitors.   |        |           |      |    |
| c. HMG-CoAi                      | nhibitors   |        |           |      |    |
| d. Protease inhi                 | ibitors   |        |           |      |    |
| UNIT – III                       |   |        |           |      |    |
| Antipsychotic Agen               | ts  |        |           |      |    |
| _                                | Serotonin, Glutamate and their receptors. SAR and Pharm   |        |           |      |    |
| -                                | s, Butyrophenones and Benzamides. A brief account of non -  | benzo  | odiaz     | epir | ıe |
| agonist.                         |   |        |           |      |    |
| UNIT – IV                        |   |        |           |      |    |
| Peptidomimetics Th               | perapeutic values of Peptidomimetics, design of peptidomimetics   | omime  | etics     | b    | y  |
| _                                | the amino acids, modification of the peptide backbone   | , inco | orpor     | atin | g  |
|                                  | straints locally or globally. Chemistry of prostaglandins, le   | eukotr | ienes     | an   | ıd |
| thromboxones.                    |   |        |           |      |    |
| UNIT – V                         |   |        |           |      |    |
| Recombinant prote Recombinant dr | y produced drugs: Biotechnology of Recombinant Dieins, Immunogencity of biotechnologically produced drugs. ug products: Hormones, cytokinins, interferons, Interleuki |        |           |      | of |
|                                  | oclonal antibody drugs.   |        |           |      |    |
| Textbooks:                       |   |        |           |      |    |



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

- 1. Berger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Design. 6th Edition
- 2. Korolkovas Essentials of MedicinalChemistry
- 3. William O Foye MedicinalChemistry
- 4. Lednicer, Organic Chemistry of DrugSynthesis
- 5. Ariens, Drug Design, AcademicPress
- 6. Purcell Strategies of DrugDesign
- 7. Corwin, Hansen Comprehensive MedicinalChemistry
- 8. Richard B. Silvermann, Org. Chemistry of Drug Design and drugAction
- 9. Smith and Williams, Introduction to principles of Drug Design Harwood AcademyPress
- 10. Gyorgy Keri &IstdanToth Molecular Pathomechanism and New Trends in Drug Research, Taylor & FrancisPub
- 11. Thomas Nogrady, Medicinal Chemistry. A biochemical Approach, Oxford Univ.Press.



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

|  |   |                              |                         |                       | T               |
|--|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Course Code  | COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN  | L                            | T                       | P                     | C               |
| 21S02203   |   | 4                            | 0                       | 0                     | 4               |
|  | Semester  |                              | I                       | I                     |                 |
|  |   |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| <b>Course Objectives:</b>  |   |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| The subject is des   | igned to impart knowledge on the current state of the art technic   | ique                         | s inv                   | olve                  | d               |
| in computer assis  | ted drug design.  |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| Course Outcomes (  | CO): Student will be able to  |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| Role of CAD  | D in drug discovery   |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| Different CA   | DD techniques and their applications  |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| <ul> <li>Various strate</li> </ul>   | egies to design and develop new drug like molecules.  |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| <ul> <li>Working with</li> </ul>   | n molecular modeling softwares to design new drug molecules   |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| •  | virtual screening protocols   |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| UNIT – I   | <u> </u>  |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| applications. Qua<br>QSAR: Physicoc<br>Hammett equation<br>pi-substituent co | Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) History, different intitative Structure Activity Relationships: Basics History and Themical parameters and methods to calculate physicochemical parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects and painstant), steric effects(Taft steric and MR parameters) Exaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters | deve<br>cal<br>rame<br>perio | elopn<br>parai<br>eters | nent<br>meter<br>(log | of<br>rs:<br>P, |
| UNIT – II  |   |                              |                         |                       |                 |
| analysis and re QSARequations.   | ucture Activity Relationships: Applications Hansch analysis lationship between them, Advantages and disadvantages; 3D-QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. Statistical mand importance of statistical parameters   | Der                          | iving                   | g 2D                  | )-              |

### UNIT – III Molecular Modeling and Docking

- a) Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design.
- b) Energy Minimization Methods: comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation
- c) Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions: Rigid docking, flexible docking and extraprecision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase and HIV protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE)

#### UNIT – IV

#### **Molecular Properties and Drug Design**

- a) Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design.
- b) De novo drug design: Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design.
- c) Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.

#### UNIT – V

Pharmacophore Mapping and Virtual Screening Concept of pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore modeling; Conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping. In Silico Drug Design and Virtual Screening Techniques Similarity based methods and Pharmacophore based screening, structure



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

based In-silico virtual screening protocols.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Computational and structural approaches to drug discovery, Robert MStroud and Janet. F Moore, RCS Publishers.
- 2. Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin, CRC Press, Taylor& Francisgroup...
- 3. Drug Design by Ariens Volume 1 to 10, Academic Press, 1975, Elsevier Publishers.
- 4. Principles of Drug Design by Smith and Williams, CRC Press, Taylor&Francis.
- 5. The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B.Silverman, Elsevier Publishers.
- 6. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Wiley Publishing Co.
- 7. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry Graham L. Patrick, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ippincott Williams &Wilkins.
- 9. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry Corwin and Hansch, Pergamon Publishers.
- 10. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by RobertMStroud and Janet. F Moore



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code | PHARMACEUTICAL PROCESS CHEMISTRY | L | T | P | C |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S02204    |                                  | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
|             | Semester                         |   | I | Ι |   |
|             |                                  |   |   |   |   |

#### **Course Objectives:**

The goal of a process chemist is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient. The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure for the manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.

#### **Course Outcomes (CO):** Student will be able to

- The strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates
- The various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry

#### UNIT – I

Process chemistry Introduction, Synthetic strategy Stages of scale up process: Bench, pilot and large- scale process. In-process control and validation of large-scale process. Case studies of some scale up process of APIs. Impurities in API, types and their sources including genotoxic impurities

#### UNIT - II

#### **Unit operations**

- a) Extraction: Liquid equilibria, extraction with reflux, extraction with agitation, counter current extraction.
- b) Filtration: Theory of filtration, pressure and vacuum filtration, centrifugal filtration,
- c) Distillation: azeotropic and steam distillation
- d) Evaporation: Types of evaporators, factors affecting evaporation.
- e) Crystallization: Crystallization from aqueous, nonaqueous solutions factors affecting crystallization, nucleation. Principle and general methods of Preparation of polymorphs, hydrates, solvates and amorphous APIs.

#### UNIT – III

#### **Unit Processes - I**

- a) Nitration: Nitrating agents, Aromatic nitration, kinetics and mechanism of aromatic nitration, process equipment for technical nitration, mixed acid for nitration,
- b) Halogenation: Kinetics of halogenations, types of halogenations, catalytic halogenations. Case study on industrial halogenations process.
- c) Oxidation: Introduction, types of oxidative reactions, Liquid phase oxidation with oxidizing agents. Nonmetallic Oxidizing agents such as H2O2, sodium hypochlorite, Oxygen gas,ozonolysis.

#### UNIT – IV

#### **Unit Processes - II**

- a) Reduction: Catalytic hydrogenation, Heterogeneous and homogeneous catalyst; Hydrogen transfer reactions, Metal hydrides. Case study on industrial reduction process.
- b) Fermentation: Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation.

#### Production of



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

- i. Antibiotics; Penicillin and Streptomycin,
- ii. Vitamins: B2 and B12
- iii. Statins: Lovastatin, Simvastatin
- c) Reaction progress kinetic analysis
  - i. Streamlining reaction steps, route selection,
  - ii. Characteristics of expedient routes, characteristics of cost-effective routes, reagent selection, families of reagents useful for scale-up.

#### UNIT – V

#### **Industrial Safety**

- a) MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet), hazard labels of chemicals and Personal Protection Equipment(PPE)
- b) Fire hazards, types of fire & fire extinguishers
- c) Occupational Health & Safety Assessment Series 1800 (OHSAS-1800) and ISO- 14001 (Environmental Management System), Effluents and its management.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Computational and structural approaches to drug discovery, Robert MStroud and Janet. F Moore, RCS Publishers.
- 2. Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin, CRC Press, Taylor& Francisgroup...
- 3. Drug Design by Ariens Volume 1 to 10, Academic Press, 1975, Elsevier Publishers.
- 4. Principles of Drug Design by Smith and Williams, CRC Press, Taylor&Francis.
- 5. The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B.Silverman, Elsevier Publishers.
- 6. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Wiley Publishing Co.
- 7. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry Graham L. Patrick, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ippincott Williams &Wilkins.
- 9. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry Corwin and Hansch, Pergamon Publishers.
- 10. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by RobertMStroud and Janet. F Moore



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| 21S02205 | 0 | Λ |   |   |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
|          | U | U | 6 | 3 |
| Semeste  | • | ] | I |   |
|          |   |   |   |   |

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer, RNA & DNA estimation
- 2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
- 3. Experiments based on Column chromatography
- 4. Experiments based on HPLC
- 5. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
- 6. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
- 7. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
- 8. To perform the following reactions of synthetic importance Purification of organic solvents, column chromatography
  - a. Claisen-schimidt reaction.
  - b. Benzyllic acid rearrangement.
  - c. Beckmann rearrangement.
  - d. Hoffmann rearrangement
  - e. Mannich reaction
- 9. Synthesis of medicinally important compounds involving more than one step along with purification and Characterization using TLC, melting point and IR spectroscopy (4experiments)
- 10. Estimation of elements and functional groups in organic natural compounds Isolation, characterization like melting point, mixed melting point, molecular weight determination, functional group analysis, co-chromatographic technique for identification of isolated compounds and interpretation of UV and IR data.
- 11. Some typical degradation reactions to be carried on selected plant constituents



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code   | ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – II LAB |          | L | T | P | C |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---|---|---|---|
| 21S02206      |                                       |          | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |
| Pre-requisite |                                       | Semester |   | I | I |   |

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Synthesis of 4-chlorobenzhydrylpiperazine. (an intermediate forcetirizine HCl).
- 2. Synthesis of 4-iodotolene from p-toluidine.
- 3. NaBH4 reduction of vanillin to vanillyl alcohol
- 4. Synthesis of umbelliferone by Pechhman reaction
- 5. Synthesis of triphenyl imidazole
- 6. To perform the Microwave irradiated reactions of synthetic importance(Any two)
- 7. Determination of log P, MR, hydrogen bond donors and acceptors of selected drugs using softwares
- 8. Calculation of ADMET properties of drug molecules and its analysis using softwares Pharmacophore modeling
- 9. 2D-QSAR based experiments
- 10. 3D-QSAR based experiments
- 11. Docking study based experiment
- 12. Virtual screening based experiment
- 13. Synthesis purification and identification of the following compounds employing some medicinal compounds.



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code<br>21DRM101   | RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS           | <b>L</b> | T<br>0 | P<br>0 | <b>C 4</b> |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|----------|--------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|
|                           | Semester  |          |        |        |            |  |  |  |  |
|                           |   |          |        |        |            |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Course Objectives:</b> |   |          |        |        |            |  |  |  |  |
| To understand the re      | search problem, know the literature studies, plagiarism and eth | nics.    | To g   | get th | ie         |  |  |  |  |

knowledge about technical writing. To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments and patent rights.

#### **Course Outcomes (CO):** Student will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information
- Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

#### UNIT – I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

#### UNIT – II

#### Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

#### UNIT – IV

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

#### UNIT - V

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"
- 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
- 2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- 3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
- 4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- 5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
- 6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New
- 7. Technological Age", 2016.
- 8. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

**COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI** 

# AUDIT COURSE-I



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

| <b>Course Code</b>                  | ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING   | L    | T     | P     | C   |
|-------------------------------------|--|------|-------|-------|-----|
| 21DAC101a                           |  | 2    | 0     | 0     | 0   |
|                                     | Semester   |      |       | I     |     |
|                                     |  |      |       |       |     |
| Course Objectiv                     | es: This course will enable students:  |      |       |       |     |
| Understa                            | nd the essentials of writing skills and their level of readability   |      |       |       |     |
| • Learn ab                          | out what to write in each section  |      |       |       |     |
| <ul> <li>Ensure q</li> </ul>        | ualitative presentation with linguistic accuracy   |      |       |       |     |
| Course Outcome                      | es (CO): Student will be able to   |      |       |       |     |
| <ul> <li>Understa</li> </ul>        | nd the significance of writing skills and the level of readability   |      |       |       |     |
| Analyze                             | and write title, abstract, different sections in research paper  |      |       |       |     |
| Develop                             | the skills needed while writing a research paper   |      |       |       |     |
| UNIT - I                            | •  | ctur | e Hrs | :10   |     |
|                                     | Research Paper- Planning and Preparation- Word Order- Useful Ples-Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences-Being Concise and Remoguity |      |       |       |     |
| UNIT - II                           | Le   | ctur | e Hrs | ::10  |     |
|                                     | nents of a Research Paper- Abstracts- Building Hypothesis-Regs- Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Cauteriz     |      |       | oble  | n - |
| UNIT - III                          | Le   | ctur | e Hrs | :10   |     |
| Introducing Revi<br>Conclusions-Rec | ew of the Literature – Methodology - Analysis of the Data-Finding  | ngs  | - Dis | cussi | on- |
| UNIT - IV                           |  | Le   | cture | Hrs:  | 9   |
| Key skills needed                   | for writing a Title, Abstract, and Introduction  |      |       |       |     |
| UNIT - V                            |  |      |       | Hrs:  |     |
| Appropriate lang Conclusions        | uage to formulate Methodology, incorporate Results, put forth Arg  | ume  | nts a | nd di | aw  |
| Suggested Readi                     | ησ   |      |       |       |     |
| 1. Goldbort                         | R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on  | Goo  | gle E | Books | ;)  |
|                                     | urriculum of Engineering & Technology PG Courses [Volume-I]  |      |       |       |     |
|                                     | 006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge Univ   |      |       | ess   |     |
|                                     | N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, Sl  | AM   |       |       |     |
| Highman                             |  | 1 D  | 1     | 1.    |     |
|                                     | Vallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York London, 2011  | K DO | orare | ent   |     |



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code      |   |        | L       | Т         | P        | С      |
|------------------|---|--------|---------|-----------|----------|--------|
| 21DAC101b        | DISASTER MANAGEMENT   |        | 2       | 0         | 0        | 0      |
|                  | Semest  | er     |         |           | I        | _      |
|                  |   |        |         |           |          |        |
| Course Objectiv  | ves: This course will enable students:  |        |         |           |          |        |
| • Learn to       | demonstrate critical understanding of key concepts  | in     | disas   | ter risk  | reducti  | ion    |
|                  | anitarian response.   |        |         |           |          |        |
|                  | y evaluatedisasterriskreduction and humanitarian response   | poli   | cy and  | l practio | e from   |        |
|                  | perspectives.   |        |         |           |          |        |
|                  | anunderstandingofstandardsofhumanitarianresponseandpra  | ectica | alrelev | anceins   | specific | types  |
|                  | ers and conflict situations   |        |         |           |          |        |
|                  | yunderstandthestrengthsandweaknessesofdisastermanagen   |        |         |           |          |        |
| program UNIT - I | ming in different countries, particularly their home country  | or t   | the co  | untries   | tney wo  | rk in  |
| Introduction:    |   |        |         |           |          |        |
|                  | tion,FactorsandSignificance;DifferenceBetweenHazardand  | Dica   | ctor:N  | oturolor  | vd       |        |
|                  | sters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.   | Jisa   | Sici,IV | aturaiai  | ıu       |        |
|                  | Areas in India:   |        |         |           |          |        |
|                  |   |        | J A., 1 | an ahaar  | A maga   | Duono  |
|                  | ic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslide and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunami |        |         |           |          |        |
| •                | id Coastai Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunann  | , го   | )St- D1 | saster    | Disease  | s and  |
| Epidemics        |   | ı      |         |           |          |        |
| UNIT - II        | 001   |        |         |           |          |        |
| -                | of Disasters and Hazards:   | _      |         |           |          |        |
|                  | nage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of   |        | -       |           |          |        |
| •                | olcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines   |        |         |           |          |        |
|                  | ster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil   | Slic   | ks and  | Spills,   | Outbre   | aks of |
|                  | idemics, War and Conflicts.   | 1      |         |           |          |        |
| UNIT - III       |   |        |         |           |          |        |
| -                | redness and Management:   |        |         |           |          |        |
| Preparedness:    | Monitoring of Phenomena Triggering ADisasteror I  | Haza   | rd; E   | valuatio  | on of    | Risk:  |
| Application of   | Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other  | er A   | gencie  | es, Med   | lia Re   | ports: |
| Governmental a   | and Community Preparedness.   |        |         |           |          |        |
| UNIT - IV        |   |        |         |           |          |        |
| Risk Assessme    | nt Disaster Risk:   |        |         |           |          |        |

Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. TechniquesofRiskAssessment,GlobalCo-OperationinRiskAssessmentand Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.

#### UNIT - V

#### **Disaster Mitigation:**

Meaning, Conceptand Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation in India.

#### **Suggested Reading**



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

- 1. R.Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies
- 2. "'New Royal book Company..Sahni,PardeepEt.Al.(Eds.),"DisasterMitigationExperiencesAndReflections",PrenticeHa ll OfIndia, New Delhi.
- 3. GoelS.L.,DisasterAdministrationAndManagementTextAndCaseStudies",Deep&Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

| Course Code  | SANSKR            | TFOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE                         | L         | T       | P       | C      |  |
|--|-------------------|--|-----------|---------|---------|--------|--|
| 21DAC101c  |                   |  | 2         | 0       | 0       | 0      |  |
|  |                   | Semester   |           | ,       | I       | I      |  |
|  |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| Course Objecti   | ves: This course  | will enable students:                            |           |         |         |        |  |
| To get a   | working knowl     | edge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific lar | guage ir  | the wo  | rld     |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Learnin</li> </ul>  | g of Sanskrit to  | mprove brain functioning                         |           |         |         |        |  |
| LearningofSanskrittodevelopthelogicinmathematics,science&othersubjects enhancing the |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| memory   | power             |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| • The eng  | ineering scholar  | s equipped with Sanskrit will be able to exp     | ore the l | huge    |         |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Knowle</li> </ul>   | dge from ancier   | tliterature                                      |           |         |         |        |  |
| <b>Course Outcon</b>   | nes (CO): Stude   | nt will be able to                               |           |         |         |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Underst</li> </ul>  | anding basic Sa   | nskrit language                                  |           |         |         |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Ancient</li> </ul>  | Sanskrit literatu | re about science &technology can be unders       | tood      |         |         |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Being a</li> </ul>  | logical language  | e will help to develop logic in students         |           |         |         |        |  |
| UNIT - I   |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| Alphabets in Sa  | anskrit,          |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| UNIT - II  |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| Past/Present/Fut   | ure Tense, Simp   | le Sentences                                     |           |         |         |        |  |
| UNIT - III   |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| Order, Introduct   | ion of roots      |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| UNIT - IV  |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| Technical infor  | mation about Sa   | nskrit Literature                                |           |         |         |        |  |
| UNIT - V   |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| Technical conc   | epts of Engineer  | ing-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Ma     | thematic  | es      |         |        |  |
| Suggested Read   | ling              |  |           |         |         |        |  |
|  |                   | shwas, Sanskrit-Bharti Publication, New          |           |         |         |        |  |
| 2."Teach You   | rself Sanskri     | t" Prathama Deeksha- VempatiKutur                | nbshastr  | i, Rash | triyaSa | nskrit |  |
| Sansthanam, N  |                   |  |           |         |         |        |  |
| 3."India's Gloa  | rious Scientific  | Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P)          | Ltd.,N    | ew Dell | hi      |        |  |



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

**COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI** 

# AUDIT COURSE-II



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code  |  | L        | Т   | P                                | С                         |
|--|--|----------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 21DAC201a  | PEDAGOGY STUDIES   | 2        | 0   | 0                                | 0                         |
| ZIDAC201a  |  |          | U   | U                                | U                         |
| _  | Semester   |          |   | I                                |                           |
| Course Objective   | es: This course will enable students:  |          |   |                                  |                           |
| Reviewey   | cistingevidenceonthereviewtopictoinformprogrammedesigna  | ndpolic  | v makir                                     | 10                               |                           |
|  | en by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.  | 1        | ,   | 0                                |                           |
|  | ritical evidence gaps to guide the development.  |          |   |                                  |                           |
|  | s (CO): Student will be able to  |          |   |                                  |                           |
|  | ble to understand:   |          |   |                                  |                           |
| Whatpeda   | agogical practices are being used by teachers informal and information of the state | alclassr | ooms in                                     | develo                           | ping                      |
| countries'   |  |          |   |                                  |                           |
| <ul> <li>What is the</li> </ul>  | ne evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practic  | es, in v | vhat  |                                  |                           |
|  | s, and with what population of learners?   | ,        |   |                                  |                           |
| <ul> <li>Howcante</li> </ul>   | eachereducation(curriculumandpracticum)andtheschoolcurric  | culuma   | nd guida                                    | ance                             |                           |
|  | best support effective pedagogy?   |          |   |                                  |                           |
| UNIT - I   |  |          |   |                                  |                           |
| Introduction an  | d Methodology. Aims and rationale Policy back ground   | Concer   | tual fra                                    | me wor                           | k and                     |
| terminology  | <b>Id Methodology:</b> Aims and rationale, Policy back ground, Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Corriew of methodology and Searching.  |          |   |                                  |                           |
| terminology  | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Cor   |          |   |                                  |                           |
| terminology questions. Overv  UNIT - II  Thematic over   | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Cor   | ceptua   | lframew                                     | ork,Res                          |                           |
| terminology questions. Overv  UNIT - II  Thematic over   | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Conview of methodology and Searching.  view: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers   | ceptua   | lframew                                     | ork,Res                          | search                    |
| terminology questions. Overv  UNIT - II  Thematic over classrooms in de  UNIT - III  Evidence on the of included stud guidance materia evidence for eff  | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Conview of methodology and Searching.  view: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers   | in fo    | rmal are:quality                            | ad inf                           | formal men t m and ody of |
| terminology questions. Overver the control of the c | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Conciew of methodology and Searching.  view: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers veloping countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.  effectivenessofpedagogical practices, Methodology for the indepties. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) als best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Stren ective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical practices.  | in fo    | rmal are:quality                            | ad inf                           | formal men t m and ody of |
| terminology questions. Overver the control of the classrooms in description of the control of th | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Consiew of methodology and Searching.  view: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers veloping countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.  effectivenessofpedagogical practices, Methodology for the indepties. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) als best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strenective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogiefs and Pedagogic strategies.  | in foo   | rmal ar<br>e:quality<br>scho cu<br>I nature | assess<br>rriculur<br>of th bo   | men t and ody of chers'   |
| terminology questions. Overver the control of the c | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Conciew of methodology and Searching.  view: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers veloping countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.  effectivenessofpedagogical practices, Methodology for the indepties. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) als best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strent ective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogiefs and Pedagogic strategies.  velopment: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up and pedagogical practices.  | in foo   | rmal ar<br>e:quality<br>scho cu<br>I nature | assess<br>rriculur<br>of th bo   | men t and ody of chers'   |
| terminology questions. Overve UNIT - II  Thematic over classrooms in de  UNIT - III  Evidence on the of included stud guidance materia evidence for eff attitudes and believed the composition of the support from the support from the content of the support from the suppo | Theories oflearning, Curriculum, Teachereducation. Conciew of methodology and Searching.  view: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers veloping countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.  effectivenessofpedagogical practices, Methodology for the indepties. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) als best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strent ective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogiefs and Pedagogic strategies.  velopment: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up and pedagogical practices.  | in fo    | rmal are:qualityscho cul nature             | assess rriculur of th boes. Tead | men t m and ody of chers' |

#### UNIT - V

**Researchgapsandfuturedirections:**Researchdesign,Contexts,Pedagogy,Teachereducation, Curriculum and assessment, Dissemination and research impact.

#### **Suggested Reading**

- 1. AckersJ, HardmanF(2001)ClassroominteractioninKenyanprimaryschools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261.
- $2. \quad A grawal M(2004) Curricular reformins chools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of the control of th$



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

- 3. Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
- 4. AkyeampongK(2003) Teacher training in Ghana does it count? Multi-site teachereducation research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
- 5. Akyeampong K, LussierK, PryorJ, Westbrook J (2013)Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacherpreparation count?International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272–282.
- 6. Alexander RJ(2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
  - Chavan M (2003)ReadIndia: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read'campaign.
- 7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

| Course Code          | C'T'             | RESSMANAGEMENT BY YOGA                |             | L      | T    | P | C |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------|------|---|---|
| 21DAC201b            | 51.              |                                       |             | 2      | 0    | 0 | 0 |
|                      |                  |                                       | Semester    |        | I    | I |   |
| G 011 4              |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| Course Objecti       | ves: This cour   | se will enable students:              |             |        |      |   |   |
| To achie             | eve overall hea  | alth of body and mind                 |             |        |      |   |   |
| To over              | come stres       |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| <b>Course Outcon</b> | nes (CO): Stud   | lent will be able to                  |             |        |      |   |   |
| Develop              | healthy mind     | in a healthy body thus improving so   | cial health | also   |      |   |   |
| • Improve            | e efficiency     |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| UNIT - I             |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| Definitions of I     | Eight parts of y | vog.(Ashtanga)                        | •           |        |      |   |   |
| UNIT - II            |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| Yam and Niyar        | n.               |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| UNIT - III           |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| Do`sand Don't        | 'sin life.       |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
|                      |                  | nacharyaand aparigrahaii)             |             |        |      |   |   |
|                      | h,tapa,swadhy    | ay,ishwarpranidhan                    | Ţ           |        |      |   |   |
| UNIT - IV            |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| Asan and Prana       | ayam             |                                       | Ţ           |        |      |   |   |
| UNIT - V             |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
| i)Variousyogpo       | osesand theirbe  | enefitsformind &body                  |             |        |      |   |   |
|                      |                  | echniques and its effects-Types ofpra | nayam       |        |      |   |   |
| Suggested Read       |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |
|                      |                  | ining-Part-I": Janardan SwamiYogab    |             |        |      |   |   |
|                      |                  | he Internal Nature" by Swami V        | ivekananda  | a, Adv | aıta |   |   |
| Ashrama (Public      | cation Departn   | nent), Kolkata                        |             |        |      |   |   |
|                      |                  |                                       |             |        |      |   |   |



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

| Course Code                   | PERSONALITY                           | Y DEVELOPMENT THR               | OUGHLIFE         | L         | T                   | P      | C |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------|---|
| 21DAC201c                     | EN                                    | LIGHTENMENTSKILLS               |                  | 2         | 0                   | 0      | 0 |
|                               |                                       |                                 | Semester         |           | I                   | I      |   |
| C Obi4                        | T1:                                   | !!! 1-1                         |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| Course Objecti                | ves: This course wi                   | in enable students:             |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | to achieve the high                   |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               |                                       | table mind, pleasing person     | ality and determ | ninatior  | ı                   |        |   |
|                               | ken wisdom in stud                    |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | nes (CO): Student v                   |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               |                                       | -Geetawillhelpthestudenting     | developinghispe  | ersonali  | tyand ac            | chieve |   |
| _                             | est goal in life                      | 1 C ( 111 1 - 1 (               |                  |           | 1                   | :4     |   |
| _                             |                                       | d Geetawilllead the nation a    |                  | _         |                     | perity |   |
| UNIT - I                      | i meetisiiatakaiii Wi                 | ll help in developing versat    | ne personanty (  | or stude  | ants                |        |   |
|                               | <br>Holistic developme                | ent of personality              |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | Honstie developme<br>20,21,22(wisdom) | an or personality               |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | 31,32(pride &heroi                    | cm)                             |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | 28,63,65(virtue)                      | 5111)                           |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| UNIT - II                     | 20,03,03(virtue)                      |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | Holistic developme                    | ent of personality              |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | 53,59(dont's)                         | in or personancy                |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | 73,75,78(do's)                        |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| UNIT - III                    | 73,73,76(do s)                        |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | y to day work and                     | duties.                         | l                |           |                     |        |   |
| * *                           | •                                     | er2-Verses41,47,48,             |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               |                                       | Chapter6-Verses5,13,17,23,3     | 35.              |           |                     |        |   |
| •                             | Verses45,46,48.                       | 1 , , , ,                       | ,                |           |                     |        |   |
| UNIT - IV                     | , ,                                   |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| Statements of b               | oasic knowledge.                      |                                 |                  | •         |                     |        |   |
| ShrimadBl                     | nagwadGeeta:Chapt                     | er2-Verses 56,62,68             |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| Chapter12                     | -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16                | ,17,18                          |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| Personality                   | of Rolemodel. Shr                     | imad Bhagwad Geeta:             |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| UNIT - V                      |                                       |                                 |                  |           |                     |        | _ |
| Chapter2-V                    | Verses 17, Chapter 3-                 | Verses36,37,42,                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| Chapter4-V                    | Verses 18, 38, 39                     |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
|                               | - Verses37,38,63                      |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| Suggested Read                |                                       |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |
| •                             | wadGita"bySwami                       | Swarupananda Advaita Ashr       | am(Publication   | Departi   | nent),              |        |   |
| Kolkata                       | hana Catalian (NIII)                  | coming on voing area) have D.C. | oningth Darly    | mirro C a | a1 <del>-</del> mi4 |        |   |
| 2.Bhartrinari's I Sansthanam, |                                       | i-sringar-vairagya) by P.G      | opinain, Kasht   | nyasan    | SKII                |        |   |
| Sansmanalli,                  | THEW DOME.                            |                                 |                  |           |                     |        |   |



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

**COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI** 

## OPEN ELECTIVE



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

| Course Code        | BIOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS | L   | T | P | C |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-----|---|---|---|
| 21SOE301d          | ( Elective)                  | 3   | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Semester           |                              | III |   |   |   |
|                    |                              |     |   |   |   |
| Course Objectives: |                              |     |   |   |   |

The students are going to study about various techniques for screening of drugs for various pharmacological activities and guide lines for handling animals and human and animal ethics for screening of drugs.

#### **Course Outcomes (CO):** Student will be able to know

- How to handle animals
- About various techniques for screening of drugs for different pharmacological activities
- Guidelines and regulations for screening new drug molecules on animals.

#### UNIT – I

#### **Drug discovery process:**

Principles, techniques and strategies used in new drug discovery. High throughput screening, human genomics, robotics and economics of drug discovery, Regulations. Alternatives to animal screening procedures, cell-line, patch –clamp technique, In-vitro models, molecular biology techniques.

#### UNIT – II

#### **Bioassays:**

Basic principles of bioassays, official bioassays, experimental models and statistical designs employed in biological standardization.

#### UNIT – III

#### **Toxicity Evaluations**

Principles of toxicity evaluations, ED50, LD50 and TD values, International guidelines (ICH recommendations).

Preclinical studies: General principles and procedures involved in acute, sub-acute, chronic, teratogenicity, mutagenicity and carcinogenicity.

#### UNIT – IV

#### **Screening of drugs**

Screening of different classes of drugs using micro-organisms. Vitamin and antibiotic assays. Screening methods involved in toxins and pathogens.

#### UNIT - V

#### **Enzymatic screening methods**

α-glucosidase, α- amylase, DNA polymerase, nucleases, Lasparginase, lipases and peptidases.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Basic and clinical pharmacology by Bertram G. Katzung (International edition) lange medical book / Mc Graw Hill, USA 2001 8th edition
- 2. Pharmacology by Rang H.P, Dale MM and Ritter JM., Churchill Livingston, London, 4/e
- 3. Goodman and Gilman's The pharmacological basis of therapeutics (International edition) Mc Graw Hill, USA 2001 10th edition.
- 4. General and applid toxicology by B.Ballantyne, T.Marrs, P.Turner (Eds) The Mc Millan press Ltd. London.
- 5. Drug Discovery by Vogel's
- 6. Drug Discovery and evaluation Pharmacological assays by H.Gerhard. Vogel, 2nd edition, Springer verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg.
- 7. Tutorial Pharmacy (Vol I and II) by Cooper and Gunns.



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Course Code  | ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT                                    | L    | T     | P    | C  |  |  |
|--|--|------|-------|------|----|--|--|
| 21SOE301c  | ( Elective)  | 3    | 0     | 0    | 3  |  |  |
|  | Semester   | •    | IJ    | Ι    |    |  |  |
|  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| <b>Course Objectives:</b>  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on entrepreneurship management. |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| On completion of thi   | s course it is expected that students will be able to:         |      |       |      |    |  |  |
|  | prise in national and global economy                           |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Dynamics of motivation and concepts of entrepreneurship  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| • Demands and challenges of Growth Strategies and Networking   |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| UNIT – I   |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Conceptual Frame   | Work: Concept need and process in entrepreneurship development | pme  | ent.  | Role | of |  |  |
| enterprise in national and global economy. Types of enterprise – Merits and Demerits. Government                       |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| policies and schemes for enterprise development. Institutional support in enterprise development and                   |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| management.  |  |      | - 1   |      |    |  |  |
| UNIT – II  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Entrepreneur: Entrepreneurial motivation – dynamics of motivation. Entrepreneurial competency –                        |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Concepts. Developing Entrepreneurial competencies - requirements and understanding the process of                      |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| entrepreneurship development, self-awareness, interpersonal skills, creativity, assertiveness,                         |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
|  | affecting entrepreneur role.                                   |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| UNIT – III   | •  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Launching and Orga   | nizing an Enterprise: Environment scanning – Information, sou  | rces | , sch | emes | of |  |  |
| assistance, problems. Enterprise selection, market assessment, enterprise feasibility study, SWOT                      |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Analysis. Resource mobilization -finance, technology, raw material, site and manpower. Costing and                     |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| marketing management and quality control. Feedback, monitoring and evaluation.   |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| UNIT – IV  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Growth Strategies and Networking: Performance appraisal and assessment. Profitability and control                      |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| measures, demands and challenges. Need for diversification. Future Growth - Techniques of                              |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| expansion and diversification, vision strategies. Concept and dynamics. Methods, Joint venture,                        |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| coordination and feasibility study.  |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| UNIT – V   |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| Preparing Project Proposal to Start on New Enterprise Project work - Feasibility report; Planning,                     |  |      |       |      |    |  |  |
| resource mobilization  | n and implementation.  |      |       |      |    |  |  |

#### **Reference Books:**

**Textbooks:** 

- 1. Akhauri, M. M. P.(1990): Entrepreneurship for Women in India, NIESBUD, New Delhi.
- 2. Hisrich, R. D & Brush, C.G. (1996) The Women Entrepreneurs, D.C. Health& Co., Toranto.
- 3. Hisrich, R.D. and Peters, M.P. (1995): Entrepreneurship Starting Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Richard D., Inwin, INC, USA.
- 4. Meredith, G.G. et al (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO, Geneva.
- 5. Patel, V.C. (1987): Women Entrepreneurship Developing New Entrepreneurs, Ahmedabad EDII
- 6. Arya kumar.(2012): Entrepreneurship- Creating and Leading an Entrepreneurial Organization, Pearson



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

| 21SOE301e PHARMACOECONOMICS (Elective-I) 3 0 |     |  |
|--|-----|--|
|  | 0 3 |  |
| Semester   III                               | III |  |

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to understand various pharmacoepidemiological methods and their clinical applications. Also, it aims to impart knowledge on basic concepts, assumptions, terminology, and methods associated with Pharmacoeconomics and health related outcomes, and when should be appropriate Pharmacoeconomic model should be applied for a health care regimen.

#### Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to

- Understand the various epidemiological methods and their applications
- Understand the fundamental principles of Pharmacoeconomics.
- Identify and determine relevant cost and consequences associated with pharmacy products and services.
- Perform the key Pharmacoeconomics analysis methods
- Understand the Pharmacoeconomic decision analysis methods and its applications.
- Describe current Pharmacoeconomic methods and issues.
- Understand the applications of Pharmacoeconomics to various pharmacy settings.

#### UNIT – I

#### Introduction to Pharmacoepidemiology

Definition, Scope, Need, Aims & Applications; Outcome measurement: Outcome measures, Drug use measures: Monetary units, Number of prescriptions, units of drug dispensed, defined daily doses, prescribed daily doses, Diagnosis and Therapy surveys, Prevalence, Incidence rate, Monetary units, number of prescriptions, unit of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medications adherence measurements.

Concept of risk:

Measurement of risk, Attributable risk and relative risk, Time- risk relationship and odds ratio

#### UNIT – II

#### Pharmacoepidemiological Methods

Qualitative models: Drug Utilization Review; Quantitative models: case reports, case series, Cross sectional studies, Cohort and case control studies, Calculation of Odds' ratio, Meta-analysis models, Drug effects study in populations: Spontaneous reporting, Prescription event monitoring, Post marketing surveillance, Record linkage systems, Applications of Pharmacoepidemiology

#### UNIT – III

#### **Introduction to Pharmacoeconomics**

Definition, history of Pharmacoeconomics, Need of Pharmacoeconomic studies in Indian healthcare system. Cost categorization and resources for cost estimation: Direct costs. Indirect costs. Intangible costs. Outcomes and Measurements of Pharmacoeconomics: Types of outcomes: Clinical outcome, Economic outcomes, Humanistic outcomes; Quality Adjusted Life Years, Disability Adjusted Life Years Incremental Cost-Effective Ratio, Average Cost-Effective Ratio. Person Time, Willingness to Pay, Time Trade Off and Discounting.

#### UNIT – IV

#### Pharmacoeconomic evaluations

Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following Pharmacoeconomic models: Cost Minimization Analysis (CMA), Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA), Cost Effective Analysis (CEA), Cost Utility Analysis (CUA), Cost of Illness (COI), Cost Consequences



#### M.PHARM. IN PHARMCAEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI**

| Analysis    | (COA).  |
|-------------|---------|
| 1 mai y 515 | (COII). |

#### UNIT – V

#### Health related quality of life (HRQOL)

Definition, Need for measurement of HRQOL, Common HRQOL measures. Definition, Steps involved, Applications of the following: Decision Analysis and Decision tree, Sensitivity analysis, Markov Modeling, Software used in Pharmacoeconomic analysis, Applications of Pharmacoeconomics

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, Woulters Kluwe rLippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds. John Wiley & Sons, USA
- 3. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modeling for Health Economic Evaluation, Oxford University Press, London.
- 4. K G Revikumar, Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics Concepts and Practices.
- 5. Michael Drummond, Mark Sculpher, George Torrence, Bernie O'Brien and Greg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programs Oxford University Press, London.
- 6. George E Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and Pharmacoeconomics.
- 7. Graker, Dennis. Pharmacoeconomics and outcomes.
- 8. Walley, Pharmacoeconomics.
- 9. Pharmacoeconomic ed. by Nowakowska University of Medical Sciences, Poznan.
- 10. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature
- 11. Guru Prasad Mohanta and P K Manna, Textbook of Pharmacovigilance Concepts and Practice